

El Salvador Centers: (we have seen Voces Inocentes AND Romero at this point)

Speaking

Talk to teacher about Romero, child soldiers, poverty in El Salvador

Speaking

Use the convo cards to talk to your group about Oscar Romero.

Reading

<http://www.publico.es/culturas/voces-ninos-soldado.html>

Reading

<http://www.diariolibre.com/noticias/romero-el-ancla-que-detena-la-guerra-civil-en-el-salvador-IWDL1161801>

Writing



Look at this mural from El Salvador and write about what you see.

Writing

Compara a Romero con un héroe estadounidense.

Listening:

Casas de Carton

¿A
quiénes
les
gustaba
Romero?

¿Cómo
murió
Romero?

¿Su
muerte
fue justa
o injusta?

¿Por qué
Romero
decidió
ayudar a
los
pobres?

¿Quién
era
Romero?

¿Por qué
es
famoso?

¿Dónde
vivía
Romero?

¿A
quiénes
no les
gustaba
Romero?



El Salvador: La Guerra Civil

Center 1: Habla con el/la profe. Hablamos de Romero, de los niños soldado y de la pobreza en El Salvador.

Center 2: Habla con tus amigos (máximo de 4 en el grupo) de Óscar Romero. ¿Quién era? ¿Qué hacía? ¿Dónde vivía? y más.

Center 3: Lee el artículo sobre niños soldados en El Salvador y responde a las preguntas.

1. Reclutar means to recruit. According to the article, where did they go looking for kids?

2. What was the minimum age of a child soldier in the Civil War in El Salvador?

3. In which decade did the Civil War in El Salvador occur?

4. 60% of recruitments were _____ and 80% of the new militia were less than _____ years old.

5. 90% of the _____ lived on the doorstep of _____ while 100 _____ controlled _____% of the national production.

6. The majority of Salvadorans lived on less than _____.

7. How long did the war last?

8. Why was Romero shot according to the article?

Center 4: Mira la pintura de Óscar Romero. ¿Qué ves? ¿Qué crees que significa?
Individualmente, escribe un párrafo sobre la pintura y su significado.

Center 5: Compara Romero con un héroe estadounidense.

Center 6: Lee el artículo sobre Óscar Romero y responde a las preguntas.

1. Ancla significa anchor. In what way does the article call Romero an anchor?
2. In what years did the Salvadoran Civil War occur?
3. How many deaths and disappearances are recorded during the Salvadoran Civil War.

4. Where was the Peace Accord signed and what organization intervened to reach a cease fire?

5. Exactly when was Romero killed?

6. Romero "was the man who maintained peace _____, he was the man who tried to solve everything _____.

7. "The war didn't begin until after his death, while he was Archbishop, there was no _____."

8. Romero was the first public personality to plant the idea of dialogue about how they could _____ at the hands of the economic elite of the time.

Center 7: Escucha la canción (use the lyric sheet) y explica por qué fue prohibido durante la guerra.